PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

TRANSLATION INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference P800719/WO/1		FOR FURTHER AC	CTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416			
International application No.				International filing date	e (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)	
PCT/EP2004/012687			687	10.11.2004	Į	06.12.2003	
Internat	International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC						
G06	F9/4	16					
Applica DAI		RCHRYSLE	R AG				
1.	1. This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.						
2.	This R	EPORT consists	of a total of _	8	sheets, including	this cover sheet.	
3.	This re	eport is also accor	mpanied by Al	NNEXES, comprising:			
	a. D	(sent to the	applicant and	to the International Bur	eau) a total of 4	sheets, as follows:	
	a. (sent to the applicant and to the International Bureau) a total of sheets, as follows: sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).						
	sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental						
	Box.						
	b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s))						
	, containing a sequence listing and/or tables						
	related thereto, in computer readable form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).						
4.	This re	eport contains ind	ications relatii	ng to the following items	5:		
	\boxtimes	Box No. I	Basis of the	report			
		Box No. II	Priority				
		Box No. III	Non-establis	shment of opinion with r	egard to novelty, inventi	ive step and industrial applicability	
		Box No. IV	Lack of unit	ty of invention			
	\boxtimes	Box No. V		atement under Article 35 d explanations supportin	-	ty, inventive step or industrial applicability;	
		Box No. VI	Certain docu	uments cited			
		Box No. VII	Certain defe	ects in the international a	pplication		
	\boxtimes	Box No. VIII	Certain obse	ervations on the internati	onal application		
Date of submission of the demand Date of completion of this report			s report				
				•	-		
Name a	Name and mailing address of the IPEA/EP A			1	Authorized officer		
Facsimile No.			1	Геlephone No.			

International application No.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

PCT/EP2004/012687

Box	No. I	Basis of the report		
1.		h regard to the language, this report is based on the internatic cated under this item.	onal application in the language in	which it was filed, unless otherwise
		This report is based on translations from the original langua which is the language of a translation furnished for the purp		,
		international search (Rule 12.3 and 23.1(b))		
		publication of the international application (Rule 12.4	()	
		international preliminary examination (Rule 55.2 and	/or 55.3)	
2.	rece	h regard to the elements of the international application, this iving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 at report):		v
		the international application as originally filed/furnished		
	靣	the description:		
		2 11		as originally filed/furnished
				22.06.2005 with letter
		pages* 2		17.08.2005 with letter
		pages* 1	received by this Authority on	of 16.08.2005
	\bowtie	the claims:		
		nos.		as originally filed/furnished
		nos.*	as amended (togethe	r with any statement) under Article 19 17.08.2005 with letter
		nos.* _ 1-8	received by this Authority on	
		nos.*	received by this Authority on	
	\boxtimes	the drawings:		
		sheets 1/2,2/2		as originally filed/furnished
		sheets*		
		sheets*	-	
		a sequence listing and/or any related table(s) – see Supplem		
3.		The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:		
		the description, pages		
		the claims, nos.		
		the drawings, sheets/figs		
				_
4.	\Box	This report has been established as if (some of) the amend		
••	Ш	they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as fi		
		the description, pages		
		the claims, nos.		
		the drawings, sheets/figs		
		the sequence listing (specify):		
		any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):		
*	If ite	em 4 applies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "sup	erseded "	

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.
PCT/EP2004/012687

Вох	ox No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement			
1.	Statement			
	Novelty (N)	Claims	1-8	_ YES
		Claims		_ NO
	Inventive step (IS)	Claims		YES
		Claims	1-8	_ NO
	Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-8	_ YES
		Claims		_ NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

1 Documents

Reference is made to the following documents:

- D1: US-A-5 544 054 (KAYANO ET AL) 6 August 1996 (1996-08-06)
- D3: FINE-GRAINED MOBILITY IN THE EMERALD SYSTEM,

 ACM TRANSACTIONS ON COMPUTER SYSTEMS,

 ASSOCIATION FOR COMPUTING MACHINERY. NEW YORK,

 US, 1988-02-00.

Document D3 was not cited in the international search report. A copy of document D3 is enclosed.

2 Objections under PCT Article 33(3)

2.1 Document D1 is considered the prior art closest to the subject matter of claim 1. It discloses (the references between parentheses relate to D1):

a method for loading a software module to a processor unit of a control device in an automobile, networked by a databus, wherein

Box No. V

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

the software module is able to run in a plurality of control devices (column 4, lines 61-65) and the control devices exchange data through a databus (column 1, lines 55-56),

the choice as to the control device to which the software module is loaded is made depending on the computing capacity of the currently active control devices (column 1, lines 44-49),

each of the control devices is able to shut down the software module in case of high processor load (column 11, lines 14-16: every processor has at its disposal the computing capacity ("load state") of all the other processors; column 3, lines 45-54: Software modules ("control tasks") are terminated according to the computing capacity of the processors on a control device ("actuator B"), transferred to another control device ("actuator A") and executed therein),

and the method determines which of the further control devices has free computing capacity available and the software module is started on one of these control devices (column 7, lines 40-45).

2.2 The method of claim 1 differs from the method of document D1 by virtue of the following features: Box No. V
Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

the control device with the maximum free computing

capacity is determined, and the information "is the software module running and if so, on which control device" and "which of the active control devices in the databus has the maximum free computing capacity" is sent to the databus in rotation or on request.

2.3 The feature according to which the control device having the maximum free computing capacity is selected is a frequently used load-balancing strategy which a person skilled in the art would use with the system of document D1, without thereby being inventive.

The transfer of identification information (for example, current host, state) is a necessity in systems having a mobile code (see, for example, document D3 (page 119, paragraph 4, lines 1-2: "... An object descriptor contains information about the state and location of a global object ..."). Whether the transfer is carried out on request (see, for example, document D3, page 121, paragraph 2: "... broadcast message ...") or by using other communication methods routine in networks (for example polling, notification, broadcast) is merely a selection among various obvious possibilities, which a person skilled in the art would make according to the circumstances.

2.4 The dependent claims contain no features which, combined with the features of any claim to which Box No. V

they refer, meet the PCT requirements for novelty and inventive step. The reasons are as follows:

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;

- 2.5 The feature of claim 2, according to which it is determined before the execution of the software module which of the further control devices has free computing capacity available and the software module is run on one of these control devices, is disclosed in document D1 (column 7, lines 40-45). The feature wherein the control device having the maximum free computing capacity is selected is a frequently used load-balancing strategy which a person skilled in the art would use in the system of document D1, without thereby being inventive.
- 2.6 The feature of claim 3, according to which the control device on which the software module runs compares its computing capacity with that of the further control devices and, depending on the result of the comparison, terminates the software module, is disclosed in document D1 (column 11, lines 14-16: every processor has at its disposal the computing capacity ("load state") of all the other processors; column 3, lines 45-54: Software modules ("control tasks") are terminated according to the computing capacity of the processors on a control device ("actuator B"), transferred to another control device ("actuator A") and executed therein).
- 2.7 Document D1 discloses the feature of claim 4, according to which the computing capacity of a

Box No. V	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement				
	control device is determined from the processor				
	load (column 3, lines $2-4$). In the case of				
	different processor types the processor type is				
	clearly also taken into consideration.				
2.8	The feature of claim 5, according to which the				
	software module is started on the control device				
	with the maximum free computing capacity, is a				
	routine basic strategy in load-balancing systems.				
2.9	The feature of claim 6, according to which the				
	software module is stored in the storage means of				
	the control devices, is disclosed in document D1				
	(column 3, lines 51-54: " memorizing means").				
2.10	The feature of claim 8, according to which a				
	software module identification is transmitted to				
	the databus in rotation or on request, and wherein				
	the identification contains information about the				
	operating state and the control device running the				
	software module, is a possibility for distributing				
	information of this kind which is part of the				
	general knowledge of a person skilled in the art.				

PCT/EP2004/012687

Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

3 Objections under PCT Article 6

Independent claim 1 contains features for which independent claim 9 does not have an equivalent feature, for example examination in rotation.

Conversely, claim 9 contains features for which claim 1 does not contain a corresponding feature, for example a software module with a secondary task. As a result it is not clear which features are necessary for the purpose intended by the invention. Consequently, the definition of the subject matter of these claims is not clear.

For the purpose of the present report it was assumed that the invention is defined by the features of claim 1.